THE FATAL SHOT FIRED IN THE DISCHARGE OF THE OFFICER'S DUTY-THE LAD HAD BEEN CAUGHT RED-HANDED IN A BURGLARY AND RAN TO ESCAPE ARREST-THE POLICEMAN OVERCOME WITH

GRIEF-PAROLED IN HIS CAPTAIN'S CUSTODY.

A little after 4 o'clock yesterday morning, when all New-York was asleep save that part of the city which never sleeps, Frank Wollweber, an eighteen-year-old boy, who lived in Oak-st., was shot and killed by Policeman Meyers in the discharge of his duty. Young Wollweber was a thief, taken red-handed, and the proof of his guilt was found upon his body. Yet Policeman Meyers wept when he found who it was that he had killed, for it was the son of a man he had known for years, the barber of the Oak-st. police station,

Policeman Meyers had known the dead boy from a child, and often of a summer night the lad had walked with him upon his beat. These are the reasons why Policeman Meyers was so overcome when, just as it was growing light and after a hard chase, he looked upon the face of the boy he had shot and saw that the thief was

The dead boy lived at No. 10% Oak-st., directly across from the police station, and at 3:30 o'clock, when Sergeant McNally went to the door to get a breath of air, he saw him come out of the house and hailed him as he passed. Young Wollweber arely answered him, and hurried along. Only a few minutes afterward the sergeant sent Policeman Meyers down to Peck Slip, whence had come rumors of the usual morning fight. The policeman found that another patrolman had made the arrest, and started back to his own

A GANG AT WORK IN THE PRECINCT.

Now, since last Christmas, a gang of thieves has been at work almost at the doors of the Oak-st, station, and the officers in charge have een much mystified by the petty crimes that have been committed. Only last Monday night somebody broke into the saloon of Dennis Dunn, which stands on the corner of Oak-st., next door but one to the police station, and robbed the cash drawer. Policeman Meyers was thinking of this as he turned into Oak-st., and at that moment he saw three figures drop from the very window that had been entered Monday night. The instant they struck the ground the boys saw the policeman, and the three thieves ran as fast as they could. The policeman has been on the force fifteen

years, and his wind is not as good as it was nce, so the fleeing rascals gained on him. Through the short and narrow Chestnut-st.

they ran, turned into Pearl-st., and dashed toward Franklin Square. When the policeman turned the corner one of the trio was still in sight, but he was just disappearing across the street toward Double Alley.

CALLED TO THE THIEF TO STOP.

The officer drew his pistol and called to the thief to stop. But there are some things that make a man run harder than fear, and one of those things is shame. So the thief was ashamed to stop-ashamed to face a man who had been kind to him, and whom he had tried to discredit by committing a robbery on his post. So the thief sped on, but a bullet from his pursuer's revolver sped faster, and he fell on his

pursuer's revolver sped faster, and he fell on his face without a cry.

Policeman Ahearn was the first man to reach the fallen boy. He stooped and turned his body over. At that moment Policeman Meyers ran up, panting for breath. As the gray light of the dawn fell on the white face he saw that his victim was the boy he knew so well.

The lad was a thief; he had done his best to discredit a man who had been kind to him. But still Policeman Meyers wept, for he had never before been called on to shoot a man.

An ambulance took the wounded lad to the Hudson Street Hospital, but before the gates had been again locked he died. The builet had entered his brain.

ntered his brain. Meantime Policeman Meyers had walked slow-

Meantime Policeman Meyers had walked slow-ly back to the station-house, opposite the house where the dead boy had lived. He put his pistol and his shield on the desk before the sergeant and told that officer all about the tragedy. say-and told that officer all about the tragedy. saythat he did not mean to shoot the boy and that he aimed high, intending only to scare him. Then he went up to the dormitory under suspension, while some one went across the street and told the parents of the boy's death.

PAROLED IN CAPTAIN VREDENBURGH'S CUSTODY.

Later in the day the policeman was taken before Coroner Dobbs and paroled in the custody of Captain Vredenburgh, of the Oak-st. station, until the inquest is held.

Policeman Michael Galvin, of Acting Inspector Thompson's staff, explained why young Wollweber did not stop running when ordered to do so. He says that the boy used often to spend hours with Meyers on his beat, and that the big policeman had often given him money for a lodging after he had quarrelled with his parents and left the house. Galvin says it was a mean thing for young Wollweber to commit a robbery on Meyers's post after all Meyers had done for him. And Meyers himself is inclined, after all, to agree with him on that same point.

Late in the afternoon detectives arrested J. W. Sullivan on suspicion of being one of Wollweber's companions in the robbery, but no information could be gained from him.

The proceeds of young Wollweber's burglary amounted to \$2.10, which was found in his pockets. Policeman Michael Galvin, of Acting Inspector

NO HELP FOR MR. BOSKOWITE'S STOOP.

JUSTICE ANDREWS THINKS THE PLAINTIFF KNEW IT ENCROACHED ON FAR-LEY'S PROPERTY.

Justice Andrews, in the Supreme Court, has handed down an opinion in the suit brought by Ignatz Boskowitz, president of the Mechanics and Traders' Bank, against John J. Farley, a builder, to restrain the latter from interfering with the forms store of the hours at No. 22 West Seventy. to restrain the latter from interfering with the front stoop of his house, at No. 32 West Seventy-second-st. in which he denies the motion of Mr. Boskowitz to continue a preliminary injunction during the pendency of the action. It is alleged that the stoop of Boskowitz's house encroached six inches on Farley's property. Farley sent a man to cut off that part of the stoop, and Boskowitz got an injunction to restrain him.

Justice Andrews says he believes the plaintiff knew of the encroachment of the stoop when he bought the property, that he is trying to maintain a small part of his stoop on the property of the defendant, and the Court does not believe that Boskowitz can eventually succeed in the action.

MRS. LAWTON GETS HER DECREE.

Justice Andrews, in the Supreme Court, granted from her husband, William H. Lawton, Mrs. Lawton is a well-known soprano, and her husband is a well-known tenor singer. The papers band is a well-known tenor singer. The papers in the case are sealed up Lawton allowed judgment to be taken by default, interposing no answer. Mrs. Lawton accused her husband of extreme crucity, and she asked also that he be restrained from interfering with her property, and that he account for rents he had collected for her from property which was purchased with her money, but which stood in their joint names.

JUDGMENT ON A NOTE FOR TWO BROKERS.

William G. Choate, as referee, has filed a report in an action brought by Percival R. Irving port in an action brought by Fercival R. Irving and John Irving, comprising the firm of Irving & Co., brokers, in an action they have brought against Waiter Irving, a brother of John, to recover on a promissory note. The note was for \$9,335, and the referee awards judgment for the plaintiffs for the full amount, less \$3,000 which had been paid on account.

BURGLAR SENTENCED FOR SEVEN YEARS.

Recorder Goff, in Part I, General Sessions, yesterseven years in the State prison on the young man's plea of guilty of grand larceny and felonious assault. Aloin's counsel said the young man was a cierk and came from lows, and was deficient men-

On July 23 Aloin went to the house of James E Hammel, in West Chester village, and asked for nammel, in west Chester vinage, and asset for something to eat. After eating he went away, but returned and sneaked into the house, and when discovered ransacking the bureau pulled a revolver and threatened to shoot Kate Clark, the servant. He ran from the house and was followed by Nicholas Kemmy, a blacksmith. Aloin shot Kemmy three times, but was finally captured. Kemmy was mot dangerously wounded. SILK IMPORTERS ASSIGN.

BAD BUSINESS AND STRONG COMPETITION THE CAUSES-THE SILVER AGITATION STOPPED FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.

Aaron Kohn and Moses G. Rosenblatt, composing the firm of Dreyfus, Kohn & Co., commission merchants and importers at No. & Mercer-st., made an assignment yesterday to Levi L. Gans and Oscar E. Rosenheim, giving preferences to Mrs. Elia Dreyfus, Emanuel Springer, of Philadelphia, and William Rothschild & Son, the amounts not being

The assignment was filed at 9:12 a. m. in County Clerk's office. Deputy-Sheriff Burns reached the store at \$:10 o'clock, just two minutes ahead of the assignment, and levied on the stock of goods under an execution for \$7,195 from Isaac romme for balance due on two checks in favor of Hugh O'Neill. The checks amounted to \$17,500, but the firm had paid of \$10,500. Blumenstiel & Hirsch attached out-of-town accounts of the firm on Tues-day amounting to \$50,000 and also the firm's interest in other property, which secures the claim of Ernest H. Behrens for \$50,000, representing his own and European accounts.

Bradstreet's reports state that the business was started in 1870 by Dreyfus, Kohn & Co., with Gottlieb Rosenblatt as special partner. Both Mr. Rosenblatt and Mr. Dreyfus died in 1886, and the two remaining partners have since continued the business under the name of the old firm. They had an office in Lyons, France, and also were selling agents for the Paragon Silk Company, of Paterson, in which they were the principal stockholders, Mr. Kohn being the president and Mr. Rosenblatt the treasurer. It is said there is now due to the firm treasurer. It is said there is now due to the firm for advances on goods in this connection about \$90,000. In February, 1896, the firm claimed a capital of \$400,000, but since then business has been poor, prices low and competition strong. Stern & Rushmore, who represent the assignees, said that the firm's liabilities are not definitely known, but are roughly estimated at between \$300,000 and \$100,000. They owed \$1,000,000 six months ago, but have been paying off as much as possible since then, and have reduced their liabilities materially. The value of the assets is not known. They consist of a large stock of merchandise and book accounts.

counts.

The firm had expected to tide over the dull summer season with the assistance of friends, but on account of the silver agitation this assistance fell through. Stern & Rushmore said yesterlay that the firm would make a good settlement.

OTHER BUSINESS COMPLICATIONS.

Deputy-Sheriff Lipsky has taken charge of the place of business of the Eidoloscope Company at No. 101 Beekman-st. on attachments in favor of Colin McLean for \$1,30 and Edgar G. Frost for \$18,795 on ten notes. The company was incorporated last fall under West Virginia laws to make an electrical machine for projecting life-size kineto-scope pictures on a screen. The method was the invention of W. Latham.

The Sheriff has received an attachment against Samuel G. French, coul dealer, for \$5.444, in favor of Henry E. Meeker. Mr. French had a contract with the city government to furnish coal to some of the departments, and Mr. Meeker, under an arrangement with Mr. French, delivered 25,000 tons of coal to the Board of Education. On this contract Mr. Meeker alleges that there is due to him \$5,444 from Mr. French, which the latter refuses to turn over to him.
Schedules of J. N. Collins & Co., dealers in dry-

goods at Nos. 8 and 10 East Fourteenth-st., show liabilities amounting to \$144,566, nominal assets of \$112,766, and actual assets, \$50,884. The assets consist of merchandise and fixtures, nominal, \$94,795; sist of merchandise and fixtures, nominal, \$43,795; actual, \$43,220, and cash, \$1,775. Book accounts make up the balance. The difference between the actual and nominal assets is due to large shrinkage in the value of goods on hand, a large part of which are at present unsalable.

Schedules of Franklin H. Post, merchant tailor at No. 13 West Porty-second-st., show liabilities of \$13,055, nominal assets \$3,348, and actual assets \$2,622.

\$2.622. Richard Dudensing, jr., has been appointed receiver for the J. C. Travis Company, manufacturers of writing tablets at No. 39 Broadway and in Brooklyn, on the application of W. W. Davis.

THE FOREIGN EXCHANGE MARKET.

ALL THE MEMBERS OF THE SYNDICATE SIGN

from the Sub-Treasury yesterday for shipment to Canada. The agreement of the foreign exchange syndicate has been signed by all the members, and is in full force. It is believed that it will prove an The syndicate expects to make a good profit on its operation. One of the largest dealers in bonds in New-York

says the market is surfeited, and dealers will not buy any issues which they cannot sell within a reasonable time. If dealers took bonds from the city of New-York, they would have to be carried for a long time, and money would have to be borrowed on them. No doubt in the end a profit would be shown, but conditions are such that there is a class bonds in investors' hands are not being pressed for sale at lower prices, really good issues pressed for sale at lower prices, really good issues can be obtained at concessions by a little inquiry. Cable advices received in Wall Street say that an unsatisfactory condition of affairs developed in London in connection with the fortnightly settlement, which was concluded yesterday. The chief disturbing causes were said to be the declines in the Paris and New-York markets. American securities were not the only ones which fell in London. There was more or less of a collapse in some of the British favorities, which had been boomed to absurd prices. The enormously high prices for British "rails" led to natural realizations. There was no evidence, however, that the alleged Kaffir clique attempted to liquidate its holdings of Americans.

cans.

Howard K. Burras, who nade an assignment in December last, has discharged his obligations, and has been readmitted to membership in the New-York Stock Exchange.

THREE ACCIDENTS ON THE WATER.

THE MASSACHUSETTS RUNS INTO THE SCHOONER VANDALIA, NEARLY CUTTING HER IN TWO.

An epidemic of accidents struck the harbor yesterday. To begin with, the Sound steamboat Massachusetts, of the Providence Line, bound from Providence to this city, in command of Captain Griffin, ran into the two-masted schooner Vandalla about 1:30 a. m., nearly cutting her in two, and sank her. A thick fog enveloped the Sound at the time. The Vandalia is only 52 tons burden, and was in command of Captain Biatriz.

command of Captain Bistriz.

She left New-London on Tuesday on a fishing cruise to the southward, and at the time of the accident she had on board twenty-five tons of herring and 15,000 bunkers for bait. The vessel was owned by W. Hart, of the Fulton Fish Market. According to those aboard the schooner was lying becalmed off Cornfield Light, when the bright lights of the South boat showed dimly through the mist ahead. The fog horn was blown and a flare light burned, but by the time those aboard the Massa-chusetts saw the little vessel the big boat was close aboard with her high bow overhanging the

tiny schooner.

The impact came and the vessels crashed to-The impact came and the vessels crashed together, the schooner being cut nearly in haif and sinking almost immediately. The crew of the Vandalia clambered into her two boats, five getting in each, and pushed off just before the wreck went down. They rowed to the big steamboat and were taken aboard. Few of the passengers on the Massachusetts knew of the mishap. According to those who saw the accident it was unavoidable.

The Hamburg-American Line steamer Patria, Captain Bauer, which arrived yesterday from Hamburg, was run lino in the Ship Channel, Lower Hay, by the outward-bound three-masted schooner M. A. Willey. The steamer's two after port lifeboats were smashed and the schooner had her bowsprit carried away. Otherwise neither boat sustained serious damage.

J. M. Leonard, a pilot, who was on the bridge of the Patria with Captain Bauer at the time of the accident, stated that at 7:26 a. m. the Patria had just rounded the Southwest Spit and was heading up the regular ship channel when the M. A. Willey was observed heading to the eastward with her sheets eased off. Captain Bauer stopped the Patria and ordered the ship's engines reversed at full speed in order to allow the schooner to cross the ship's bows. The steamer blew the regular whistle to let the schooner know that she was backing engines to allow her to pass.

The schooner apparently understood the signals, but just as she was close on the steamer her helmsman suddenly put his wheel hard a-port, so that the schooner's bowsprit struck the steamer her helmsman suddenly put his wheel hard a-port, so that the schooner's bowsprit struck the steamer her helmsman suddenly put his wheel hard a-port, so that the schooner apparently understood the signals, but just as she was close on the steamer her helmsman suddenly put his wheel hard a-port, so that the schooner down the schooner to cross the schooner put back to the city.

The schooner apparently understood the signal. At about 4 o'clock, in the heavy rain squal, the Fletcher began to drag her anchor and fina gether, the schooner being cut nearly in half and sinking almost immediately. The crew of the Van-

AN ACCIDENT TO GERARD BANCKER.

Dockmaster Gerard Bancker met with a painful cident while cleaning a bicycle the other night. The little finger on his right hand was caught in the little inger on his right hand was caught in the chain in some way and the bone was broken in two places, leaving an ugly wound. Mr. Bancker continues his duties as dockmaster, however, al-though seriously handicapped by a broken finger.

CHRISTIAN WORKERS MEET.

BEGINNING OF THE ANNUAL CONFER-ENCE AT NORTHFIELD.

MR. MOODY THE PRINCIPAL SPEAKER AT THE FIRST MEETING-HIS TOPIC, "HUMILITY".

A GREAT THRONG ASSEMBLING [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Northfield, Mass., July 20.-The last is always best at Northfield. Every year is better than any of its predecessors, every conference surpasses all Moody has invited his friends to meet here for Bible study and conference. He has learned during these years who can furnish the best spiritual food for his guests, and he does not hesitate to invite that speaker back year after year. Dr. A. J. Gordon, of Boston, came here every summer for ten years and preached at least one sermon for every conference on the Holy Spirit. Dr. F. B. Meyer, of London, is expected within a few days for his third season. Many people are coming here, they say, to hear Dr. Meyer. Others declare that it is Mr. Moody whom they wish to hear. With characteristic foresight Mr. Moody has pro-

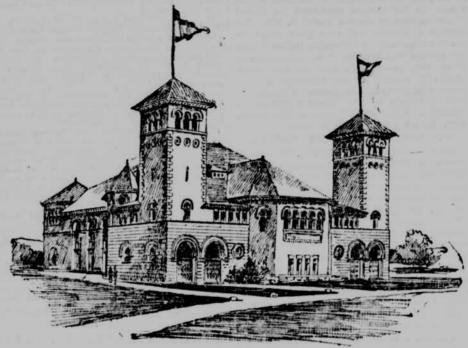
rided this year for the increased number of people who have expressed a desire to attend the meetings,

its hospitality. When the buildings set apart for the visitors are filled new ones are offered. When these are taken boarding-houses are called into requisiare taken boarding-houses are called into requisition. Later tents are added, and of these there is
practically no limit. Btone Hall has long been a
favorite place for men who come here without
writing for rooms or whose salary does not warrant
hotel rates. Cots will be put in the new gymnasium,
where women may be accommodated, getting their
meals at one of the buildings.

Mr. Moody says that he would be pleased to have
parties bring their own tents and pitch them on
the Seminary grounds free of charge, and, if desired, board may be had at one of the buildings
for 50 cents a day. As the accommodations are
somewhat limited, it is hoped that a great many
parties will come and camp out, either bringing
their own outfits or renting them here.

SOME OF THE VISITORS.

ong the clergymen already here or expected within a day or two are these: Sydney A. Selwyn Bournemouth, England; Theodore L. Cuyler, Brooklyn; S. Edward Young, Newark, N. J.; M. G. Smith, Towanda, Penn.; Albert Swift, New-York; George J. Scobey, Hoosick, N. Y.; J. H. Shupe, Philadelphia; R. B. Toyer, Bennington, Vt.; Albert D. Vall, New-York; E. R. Young, Toronto; W. H. Walker, Bath-on-Hudson, N. Y.; D. W. Wilcox, Shelburne Falls, Mass.; Frank B. Weston, Natick, Mass.; John G. Ward, North Lynn, Conn., A. A. Zabriskle, Vernon, N. J.; J. Sherman Gove, Ellsum, N. H.; James M. Gray, Boston; H. C. Mable, Boston; Henry T. Hunter, Paris; George C. Needham, Northfield; C. E. Gordon, Lyme, N. H.; Joel C. Glover, Northfield, Ohio; W. S. Hutchins, Indian Orchard, Mass.; M. Hand, Keene, N. H.; H. W. Hunt, Port Chester, N. Y.; W. B. Waller, New-Rochelle, N. Y.; Taber Knox, Warwich, N. Y.; R. H. Kennedy, Pepperell, Mass.; A. D. McClure, Wilmington, N. C.; C. S. Moench, Littiz, Penn.; J. B. Smith, Towanda, Penn.; Albert Swift, New-York



NORTHEIFLD AUDITORIUM.

that many who will arrive to-morrow would have hastened their coming at least a day, but, true to his nature and fully in keeping with his topic this evening, he forbade the announcement of the speaker or his theme, "Humility."

THE OPENING MEETING.

The great Auditorium was decorated this afternoon by the Mount Hermon students who are spending their vacation here. Golden-rod, ferns, sumac branches and cardinal flowers were in front of the platform and back of the choir loft, while vases of sweetpeas of various shades were at the feet of the speakers. The hall began to fill slowly the visitors seeming to be reluctant to come in until nearly the hour for the service to begin Northfield scenery, always beautiful, is particularly fascinating as the sun seeks his rest behind the foothills of the Green Mountains and the shadows begin to fall over the Connecticut Valley. Among the first men to enter the room were Mr. Moody in evangelistic work. On the platform sat Ira D with that of Mr. Moody, his faithful co-laborer for

The service began with the hymn, "All People Then came a prayer the Rev. Dr. H. C. Mabie, the hymn, Love O Christ, to Thee," and a prayer by Dr. R. Institute at Chicago.

he thought it would be a good thing to begin the conference with a talk on humility, taking "I entirely agree with Co meek and lowly in heart." The lower the Christian was full of homely but effective illustrations. His eulogy of John the Baptist brought tears to many eyes, and his reference to the humility of David, who says nothing in the Psaims about his killing who says nothing in the Psaims about his killing the giant of Gath caused a smile. He said if a man should kill a giant now a volume would be written at once and publishers would rush for the privilege of bringing it out, and the man would insist on being introduced to every audience as the great giant-killer.

As the great audience broke up many persons lingered to shake hands with Mr. Moody and to tell him that his earnest words had been just the message that they needed.

Mr. Moody is seemingly never satisfied, and each year he gives his guests more than the year before. Now it is a kindergarten for their children, again a the young women. This year among other attrac-



tions is the Northfield Summer School of the Bible, For many years Mr. Moody has been requested by ministers, evangelists and Christian workers to provide, in addition to the great conventions, facili-ties at Northfield for systematic study of the Bible. Now it is felt that the time has fully come for the beginning of such work, and the school was opened on July 6 and will continue until August 24. The tuition is free. The Rev. C. I. Scoffeld is dean of the school. The faculty contains these names; Pro-fessor Howard Osgood, of Rochester Theological Seminary: Professor R. A. Torrey, of the Chicago Bible Institute; Dr. F. B. Meyer, of London; Dr. W. J. Erdman, secretary of the Ningara Bible Conference; Dr. George C. Needham and Mr. Moody. The course of study is somewhat unusual, as the Bible the only textbook used. The following is the

is the only textbook used. The following is the outline of the prescribed course:

First—The Pentateuch. (1) The unity of the Pentateuch: (2) the typology of the Pentateuch; (3) consecutiveness of doctrine; (4) Pentateuchal influence in the Psalms and Prophets; (6) the Pentateuch and the New Testament; (6) the Pentateuch in relation to geology and archaeology.

Second—The person and work of Christ. (1) The doctrine of the person and work of Christ in the Pentateuch; (6) in the Prophets; (6) in the Epistles and the Apocalypse; (6) the problem of the kenosis.

Third—The Kingdom. (1) The Davidic covenant in the Old Testament; (2) the Unvidic covenant in the New Testament; (3) the Kingdom as taught by Christ; (5) the Kingdom in the Apostolic teachings (6) the Kingdom in the Apostolic teachings (6) the Kingdom and the Church.

Fourth—Particular Truths. (1) The doctrine of the Holy Spirit, (a) His person and relationships, (b) His work in the believer's life and experience, (c) His work in the believer's life and experience, (c) His work in the believer's service; (2) the biblical doctrine on sacrifice; (3) justification; (4) sanctification; (5) the future state; (6) inspiration.

Fifth—Occasional lectures.

BOARDERS AND CAMPERS.

low rates for board and rooms in the Seminary buildings. Perfect weather and a cordial welcome awaited the visitors to-day as they came from New-York, Boston, Philadelphia and other cities and from many towns and villages throughout New-England and in New-York State.

Had it been known that Mr. Moody was to open the conference with an address, it is safe to say that many who will arrive to-morrow would have

lin, Conn., and W. H. Fishburne, Elizabethtown, Penn.
Others on the register are Mrs. Louise Seymour Houghton, of "The Evangelist," New-York, who is to give several lectures; George Graff, superintendent of the Madison Square Church House in New-York, carried on in Third-ave, by Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst's church; Dr. Theodore Walzer, New-Brighton, Staten Island; Henry P. O'Neill, New-York; Theodore S. Henderson, Flushing, N. Y.; Mrs. M. B. James, Brooklyn; Miss S. R. Kendall, New-York; George P. Page, Cohors, N. Y.; Charles A. Blanchard, Wheaton, Ill.; S. E. Bridgeton, Northampton, Mass.; Professor E. S. Bowman, Williams Mill, Penn.; Mrs. Spencer W. Coe, New-York, and Robert Carter, Morristown, N. J.

MR. ROOSEVELT'S STATEMENT.

WHY HE AND MESSRS. GRANT AND ANDREWS STAND BY BROOKS AND M'CULLAGH.

Police Commissioner Roosevelt made a statement Police Board over rating the captains who have been examined for promotion to Inspectorships. Against the vote of Commissioner Parker, Messrs. Grant, Roosevelt and Andrews gave Acting Inspector McCullagh a rating of 60 for record and efficiency and Acting Inspector Brooks 55. They gave all the other captains, sixteen of them, a rating of 40, which is so low that none of them can get on the eligible list. Commissioners Roosevelt, Grant and Andrews made it plain that they would not vote to appoint any Inspectors until Mr. Moody in announcing his subject said that | Brooks and McCullagh are first confirmed. This

with Colonel Grant and Mr. Andrews in this matter. We feel that McCullagh and Brooks are very much the two best men for Inspectors. They have served faithfully for fourteen months, and as a matter of simple justice however friendly we feel to some of the other competitors, we must rank them all relatively, and on the relative work Brooks and McCullagh stand far ahead. We have repeatedly said that if anything can be truthfully urged against the character and record of either we shall be prompt to revise our judgment. But not the slightest attempt has been made to show any failing or delinquency on their part, and as matters now stand we should be derelict in our duty if we did not show our appreciation of zealous, faithful and efficient service by giving these men the compara-tive rating to which they are, in our best judg-ment, entitled, this best judgment being reached after the most careful observation and exhaustive inquiry."

"HARPER'S WEEKLY" FOR M'KINLEY.

"Harper's Weekly" is earnestly advocating the election of McKinley and Hobart because the Republican party is the only organization that is sup-porting the gold standard. Harper & Brothers an-nounce that they will send their "Weekly" for the campaign of 1896, from August 1 to November 1 inclusive, by mail, on receipt of \$1.

That its attitude and its influence are appreci-

ated by Republicans is shown by the following letter, which is one of a number that have been received by Messrs. Harper & Brothers:

ceived by Messrs. Harper & Brothers:

Messrs. Harper & Brothers, Publishers, New-York.
Gentlemen: Inclosed herewith please find check
for 15, and I would esteem it a favor if you will
send copy of "Harper's Weekly" for the campaign
of 1896, from August 1 to November 1 inclusive, to
the following-named gentlemen: The Rev. Robert
McLean, Grant's Pass. Ors.; C. C. Gregory, No. 312
Eighth-st., North Fargo, N. D.; Stephen L. Gelshardt, Butt Block, Lincoln, Neb.; J. W. McDonaid,
No. 115 South Tenth-st. Lincoln, Neb. and Young
Men's Christian Association, Lincoln, Neb. I would
also suggest that the idea be set forth in your
paper and advertisements and notices that it would
be a good thing for Eastern people to send copies
of this campaign edition of your most useful paper
to all their friends in the West and South, particularly in those States termed "doubtful." Thousands of Republicans feel that sound money is the
one supreme issue in this campaign, and every effort should be made to save the honor and integrity of the country.

Philadelphia, July 29, 1896.

THE CAPITOL PAYMASTER BUNCOED.

Albany, July 30.—The State Treasury has been suncoed out of \$25.84. The game was worked on "Del" Potter, of Giens Falls, who is well known among the Republican politicians of the State. Mr. he pays out \$28,000 to the men employed in the Construction Department of the Capitol. Each man's pay is handed to him in a small envelope. Yester-day was payday. At noon Mr. Potter had not finished paying off and he put the money in the safe in the State Treasurer's office until afternoon. Shortly after the money had been locked up a man hurried into the office and said his name was John Knight He wanted his money so he could catch a train. Mr. Potter opened up the safe and handed the man John Knight's envelope. The fact that he had been buncoed was made apparent to Mr. Potter when Mr. Knight presented himself for his envelope in the afternoon. The man who personated Mr. Knight has not yet been found. Mr. Potter will make good the amount to the State Treasury.

Long Branch, July 30 (Special).-Frank Duke,

twenty-three years old, a clerk in the Insurance Company of North America, No. 16 Exchange Place, New-York, was drowned in the Shrewsbury River at Highland Beach this afternoon.

River at Highland Beach this afternoon.

Duke left New-York this morning to spend the day at the seaside with a company of friends. He went in bathing shortly after 12 o'clock, and being a poor swimmer, he soon got beyond his depth. He cried for help, but his companions, who went in bathing with him, were too far away to assist him. His body was recovered ten minutes after the accident and removed to Morris Morgue at this place. Fifth—Occasional lectures.

BOARDERS AND CAMPERS.

The hotels and seminary buildings, which began to fill yesterday, received large additions to-day, but fill yesterday, received large additions to-day, but fill yesterday, received large additions to-day, but along the coast. "I like the small package of Pearline," a lady says; "it lasts two weeks and does

Mions Pearline

two washings." Then she admits that she has been using soap with her 2½ cts. Pearline. Now this is all unnecessary.

If you don't put in enough Pearline to do the work easily and alone, you bring Pearline down to the level of soap, which means hard work and rub-

bing. If you use enough Pearline, the soap is a needless expense, to say the least. Use Pearline alone, just as directed, and you'll have the most thoroughly

economical washing.

MAGGIE LYONS, OF NYACK, PUT ON HER EMPLOYER'S TROUSERS AND PUR-SUED THE INTRUDER.

Maggie Lyons, a girl employed in the household of James S. Haring, Corporation Engineer and Surveyor, of Nyack, N. Y., is a heroine upon whom the people of Nyack have been showering praises all day. In the absence of Mr. Haring and his family, Maggie confronted a burglar, put him to flight with a revolver, and saved a large amount of valuables. She was awakened at 4 o'clock yesterday morning by a slight noise in her room, and, looking up, saw a negro ransacking the bureau. Maggie lay perfectly quiet, and the negro went into another room, gathered up some clothing, and then entered the room where Mr. Haring's aged mother slept. Then Maggie jumped up, slipped on a pair of Mr. Haring's trousers, so as to appear like a man, took a revolver from under her pillow, and confronted the negro. "What do you want?" asked

confronted the negro. "What do you want?" asked the girl.

The negro replied with curses, then darted downstairs. Maggie rushed after him, and as he reached the foot of the stairs she fired a shot, which just grazed the man's head and smashed a small mirror. The negro dropped the bundle of clothes which he had been carrying and ran through a hall to the back door of the dining-room, which he had opened before he went upstairs. Maggie chased him, and as he jumped out on the lawn she fired another shot, but without effect. Neighbors were summoned, but no trace of the burgiar could be found. The search was joined in by County Judge Tompkins, the Hev. E. M. Saunier, the Baptist minister at the place, and several others, besides the officers. On looking around in the dining-room Maggie found a large package of sliver and other valuables, which the man had packed up to carry away. Mr. Haring arrived home yesterday and gave a liberal present to the girl for her bravery. To save any of the enthusiastic men in Nyack from proposing to brave Maggle, the announcement has been made publicly that she is already engaged.

DEATH FROM CANNED SARDINES.

A LITTLE GIRL DIES SOON AFTER EATING THEM -THE GROCER WHO IS SAID TO HAVE

East Seventy-first-st., on Wednesday afternoon bought a couple of boxes of sardines at O'Connor's grocery, First-ave., near Seventy-second-st. William O'Connor, one of the firm, it's said, soid her the sardines. The woman took them home, and she and her five-year-old daughter, Annie, ate the first box and pronounced them good. They had eaten about half the second box, when both were seized with violent cramps, and a doctor was called. He ad-ministered emetics, which seemed to relieve the ministered emetics, which seemed to relieve the sufferers at the time, but at 4 o'clock yesterday morning the child was again seized with cramps and died before the doctor's arrival.

The mother is said to be in a critical condition. Detectives Farley and Keating, of the East Sixty-seventh-st. station, arrested O'Connor and took him to the bedside of the suffering woman. She could not, however, identify him as the man who sold her the sardines. He was taken to Yorkvills Court and held for further inquiry.

STIR AMONG STEEL MANUFACTURIES.

RUMORS THAT REPRESENTATIVES OF THE FILLET COMBINATION WILL MEET TO-DAY. other move is to be made by the greet steel

biliet combination, according to reports heard yes-terday by the New-York representatives of grominent manufacturing concerns throughout the country. When the billet combination was forward last spring at the Hotel Waldorf, it was decided that the scale of advanced prices and the allotnent of orders to each firm should prevail for months, until another meeting should be called to consider a revision of the schedule. The report that a special meeting has been called, to be held g, excited considerable discussion among the representatives of Pittsburg and Chicago firms. Ever since the organization of the pool last April, ruraors have been current that certain members of the combination considered that the amount of business allotted to them was inadequate, although they had subscribed to the agreement to accept ailotments according to the production of their mills in previous years. The rumors of dissatisfaction went so far as to say that there were threats of secession by some steel manufacturers, and that it was this kind of talk which led to the calling of a the Superior Court a juror dropped dead, and a special meeting to make an effort to adjust affairs

The meeting may be held at the Waldorf to-day, although some regarded the Holland House as the probable place of assembly. It will be a meeting behind closed doors, as was the one before, and the same degree of secrecy previously maintained in regard to all the movements of the pool will, it is expected, prevail at this conference. What action may be taken respecting a change in the schedule of prices is not known, and the steel representatives have made no definite decision on this point, which would serve as an indication of what will be done in conference.

There are rumors that the large proportion of business allotted to the Carnegie and Illinois companies has caused disantisfaction among smaller members of the pool, some of whom aver that they have had practically no business. At the meeting to be held here to-day, some declaration regarding the political situation, it was said yesterday, may also be made. behind closed doors, as was the one before, and the

PRESBYTERIAN REPORTS EXPECTED SOON Within a few days it is expected that the committee of nine appointed to investigate the affairs of the Home Mission Board of the Presbyterian

Church will make a report. D. J. McMillan, the corresponding secretary, said yesterday that the committee expected to finish work in less than a The committee yesterday considered a number of week.

The committee yesterday considered a number of facts and figures which, it is said, will be of interest to the public. All books, documents and other records of the mission have been called for by the committee. Mr. McMille was confident yesterday that the investigation would reveal no reason for complaint as to the management of the mission work. The corresponding secretary averred that all the officers courted a full investigation.

A report by the sub-committee of three in rexard to the real estate affairs of the Mission Bosrds of the Presbyterian Church is also expected soon.

A BOY DIES FROM A HORSE'S KICK. Walter Miller, six years old, of No. 2,236 Fifthave., died in Manhattan Hospital yesterday from acute peritonitis, caused by the kick of a horse.

Miller was playing in the street near his home Wednesday at noon when a truckman stopped his horse at One-hundred-and-thirty-fifth-si and went into a saloon nearby. While he was absent went into a saloon nearby. While he was absent the Miller boy and several companions k\*5cked the ball with which they were playing under the feet of the horse. Miller volunteered 3o get it and crawled underneath the horse. As he did so the horse, a restless one, struck out with his hind foot and struck the boy in the stemach. Miller was carried home by a passerby and the truckman drove away ignorant of the accident. The family physician was called, and after an examination of the boy pronounced his injuries serious. Later acute peritonitis set in, and the little sufferer was taken to Manhattan Hospital. Dr. Lewald pronounced him beyond hope, and a few hours later he died. The boy's father is a laborer.

A BONDHOLDERS' COMMITTEE ENJOINED. Portland, Me., July 30 .- Suit has been brought in the Supreme Judicial Court of this State by the New-England Waterworks Company and others against the Omaha Water Company, the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Ernst Thalmann and Loan and Trust Company, Ernst Thalmann and other members of a bondholders' committee, to restrain the carrying out of a plan of reorganization of the Omaha Waterworks Company, under the foreclosure of the mortgage of the American Waterworks Company, and to declare yold the securities proposed to be issued by the new Omaha Water Company, which is a Maine corporation. The plaintiffs, who were holders of the old bonds, assert that the plan of reorganization is in violation of the bondholders' agreement, and that the new company has no authority under the laws of Maine to issue the bonds and stock as proposed. A temporary injunction was granted pending a hearing.

## SHE FIRED TWICE AT A BURGLAR. | Flint's Fine Furniture. in odd pieces.

TWO RUFFIANLY WOMEN.

THEY CAUSE LIVELY TIMES FOR THE PO LICE AND OTHERS.

Mrs. Margaret Cassidy, thirty-eight years old, of No. 512 West Thirty-eighth-st., and Mrs. Mary Gardiner, twenty-two years old, of No. 319 West Forty-ninth-st., were arraigned in Jefferson Market Court yesterday on separate charges of assault

liceman Butler, of the West Forty-seventh-st. station, on being called to the tenement-house in which she lives to quell a disturbance created by her, found that she had struck her husband, Edward, a retired prizefighter, on the head with a hatchet, causing a severe wound. Cassidy was ly-ing on the floor and pleading for mercy when the two policemen entered. Mrs. Cassidy began to bombard the policemen with everything in the room that was light enough to throw. Cups, saycers, a lamp, books, two pictures, a chair, plate and other bric-a-brac flew through the room. large soup tureen struck Butler on the hand and brulsed it so badly that it swelled to twice its nat-ural size. Mrs. Cassidy next jabbed several holes in Butler's uniform and tried to bite him. It took the combined efforts of four policemen to get her to the police station. Her husband was sent to Roosevelt Hospital, where his injuries were at-Rooseveit Hospital, where his injuries were attended to. He did not appear in court to prosecute his wife, and Policeman But.er preferred a charge of assault against the woman. Magistrate Deuel held Mrs. Cassidy for trial. She swore at the Magistrate as she was led to prison.

Mrs. Mary Gardiner caused an equal amount of excitement yesterday afternoon at the New-York Commercial Stock Exchange, at Twenty-nishes, and Broadway. The woman called at the Endowledge of the product of the country of the excitement yesterday afternoon at the New-torg Commercial Stock Exchange, at Twenty-instant, and Broadway. The woman called at the Erchange and asked to see Andrew Miller, who see declared was her busband, in order that she might give him a severe thrashing. Frederic Schmidt, the manager of the Exchange, told her politely that Miller was not there. Mrs. Gardiner told Schmidt that he was a lar, and smashed his hat with her umbrella. Schmidt yelled for the police and Policeman Dalley took the infuriated woman by the arm and led her half a block away from the Exchange where he told her to go home and released her. Instead of taking the policeman's advice, Mrs. Gardiner ran back to the Exchange, and there again laid about her with the umbrella with ruch good effect that within two minutes of her entrance she had the room to herself. Policeman Dalley finally arrested her on a charge of disorderly conduct. In court Schmidt failed to appear against Mrs. Gardiner, and Magistrate Deuel fined her \$3. She could not pay the fine and was locked up.

NOT A SERVANT TO ANY CLUB.

COMMISSIONER ANDREWS REBUKES A PATROL MAN FOR WORKING FOR MEMBERS OF

THE NEW-YORK YACHT CLUB. Patrolman John Spencer, of the East Thirty-fifth st. police station, was arraigned before Commissioner Andrews yesterday on charges made by Roundsman Tracy, of the Central Office, who accused him of being absent from post and in the office of the New-York Yacht Club, foot of East Twenty-sixthst. Spencer is detailed on the pier. He said in er-

st. Spencer is detailed on the pier. He said in articuse that he was often called into the office to perform slight services for members of the yacht club. On one occasion, he stated, J. Plerpont Morgan called him in. Commissioner Andrews, after hearing Spencer's statement, said:
"Complaint has been made that you act as a sort of valet to members of the New-York Yacht Club and neglect your police duties. You are not a servant to any member of the club. You are on the pier to attend to police duty."

ESTHER JACOBS GETS HER JUDGMENT.

THE DECISION PROBABLY MARKS THE EN OF HER SUIT AGAINST H. B. SIRE FOR

BREACH OF PROMISE. orded in the County Clerk's office yesterday in the suit brought by Esther Jacobs against Henry B. This probably marks the ending of the Jacobs-Sire breach of promise case, which held the attention of the courts for several years. Miss Jacobs brought her first suit in 1890, claiming \$50,-000 damages for breach of promise. At the trial in

In the latter trial Miss Jacobs got a verdict of \$25,000, but, on Sire's appeal to the General Term, new trial was granted him. This came before

new trial was had.

a new trial was granted him. This came before
Judge Freedman, and was several times adjourned.
Fi silly, when the Court refused to adjourn the
matter again, Sire did not put in any defence and
on an inquest, a judgment for Kö,000 was awarded
Miss Jacobs.
This, with interest, amounts at the present time
to the sum above stated, which being recorded as
satisfied, shows that Miss Jacobs has been paid.
Whether or not she got the full amount is not
known. Charles W. Brooke and J. Lindley appeared at different times for Miss Jacobs and A.
L. Sire, a brother of the defendant, appeared for
him.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

Appellate Division—Supreme Court—Recess.
Supreme Court—Special Term—Part 1—Hefore Stover, 3.
—Court opens at 11 a. m. 1. Housins and Chark, 2. materior of Canda; 3. Cremins agt. Fastlake Woolen Co. 4.
Jogode agt. Eastlake Woollen Co. 5. Farthare Woolen Co. 4.
Jogode agt. Eastlake Woollen Co. 5. Farthare Woolen Co. 4.
Jogode agt. Eastlake Woollen Co. 5. Farthare Woolen Co. 7.
People, etc., agt. Strauss; 8. Ree agt. Cain b. National Bank of North America agt. White, 10. Hinks agt. Anderews; 11. People ex rel Kahn agt. Mot. 12 Spreter after Friege 13. matter of Christic Manufacturing Co. 14, Farthare agt. Wilner; 15. Loughas agt. Keinsod Blood Manufacturing Co. 16, Seymour ag. Carthar 17, Lawrence agt. Behomann; 18. Total Life Insurance Co. agt. Halley; 19. Nevins agt. Machaughlin; 20. Hisward agt. Klopsch; 21, Genet agt. president, etc., of the Delawars and Hudson Canal Co.; 22 Maxwell act. McGruth; 23.
Sanifield agt. Saaifield, 24. matter of buryea, Waits & Co.; 25, Murray agt. Warren; 26, Waitman agt. Cost; 28. Stern agt. Fecker; 29. United States Industrial lesurance Co. agt. American Surery Co.; 30. Horwitz agt. Surance Co. agt. American Surery Co.; 30. Horwitz agt. Surance Co. agt. American Surery Co.; 30. Horwitz agt. Spiwak; 31. matter of Bullifus Denariment; 22 matter of Spiwak; 31. matter of Rullifus Denariment; 22 matter of Spiwak; 31. matter of Rullifus Denariment; 22 matter of Partidson Sona Marble Co.; 33. Modovern agt. McLovern; 34. Rosenfeld agt. Philip; 35. Helder agt. Denards American Surery Co. act. O'Conforting Co.; 36. Mutual Life Insurance Co. act.

Supreme Court—Chambers—Before Arnold, S.—Mo-Surrogate's Court—Chambers—Before Arnold, S.—Mo-tion calendur called at 10:30 a. m. Wills for probate-Frank Hain, at 10:30 a. m.; Edward M. Eagleton, Pal-rick Cauffield, at 2 p. m. City Court—Special Term—Before Fitzsimons, J.— Court opens at 10 a. m. Motions at 10:30 a. m.

Supreme Court.

Bushe agt. Brady—Daniel P. Ingraham.
Bushe agt. Barron—William C. Breed.
Jencks agt. Balley—William C. Arnold.
Matter of Asmussen—Matthew F. Nevilla.
Matter of Benjamin—William H. Willis.
Matter of Mathot—George Landon. Varnum agt. Mayer (two cases)

By Beekman, J. Price agt. Judson-Pennington Whitehead.

Supreme Court.

By Stover, J.

Michael Garlick ast. Louis Schlamm—Soloman & Hyman. CLOSING PRICES SAN FRANCISCO STOCKS.

| San Francisco, July 30, 1898. | San Francisco, July 30, 1898